

# Geothermal Energy Association

209 Pennsylvania Avenue SE, Washington, D.C. 20003



## U.S. Geothermal Power Production and Development Update - Special NYC Forum Edition

Prepared by  
**Dan Jennejohn**  
January 2010

---

---



January 2010



# GEOTHERMAL ENERGY ASSOCIATION

209 Pennsylvania Avenue SE, Washington, D.C. 20003 U.S.A.  
Phone: (202) 454-5261 Fax: (202) 454-5265 Web Site: [www.geo-energy.org](http://www.geo-energy.org)

## U.S. GEOTHERMAL POWER PRODUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT UPDATE: JANUARY 2010

1. Installed Geothermal Capacity and Generation .....	3
Figure 1: August 2009 Geothermal Power Capacity On-Line (MW).....	3
1.1 State Installed Geothermal Capacity Data .....	3
2. New Activity and Federal Funding.....	5
2.1. Active State Geothermal Projects.....	5
Figure 2: Active Geothermal Projects Listed By State .....	5
Figure 3: Developing Projects by Phase .....	13
Figure 4: Developing Projects by State .....	14
Figure 5: Developing Projects by State and Phase .....	15
Figure 6: Total Capacity in Development by State.....	15
4. Comparison of Results from GEA Surveys: March 2006 – March 2009 .....	16
Figure 7: Total Installed Capacity 2006 – 2009.....	16
Figure 8: Total Confirmed Projects 2006 – 2009 .....	16
5. Emerging Technologies .....	17
6. Federal Programs and Funding.....	20
6.1 DOE Geothermal Technologies Program Funding and Projects .....	20
Figure 9: DOE Funding by State .....	21
Figure 10: DOE Funding, Cost Share, MW Receiving Funding, and Project Totals.....	31
Figure 11: Total Projects Receiving Funding by State .....	31
Figure 12: Total Federal Funding and Cost Share by State .....	32
Figure 13: Geothermal MW in Development Receiving Funding.....	32
6.2 Bureau of Land Management Lease Sales.....	33
Figure 14: July 2009 BLM Lease Sale .....	33
Figure 15: July 2009 BLM Geothermal Lease Sale Results by State .....	34

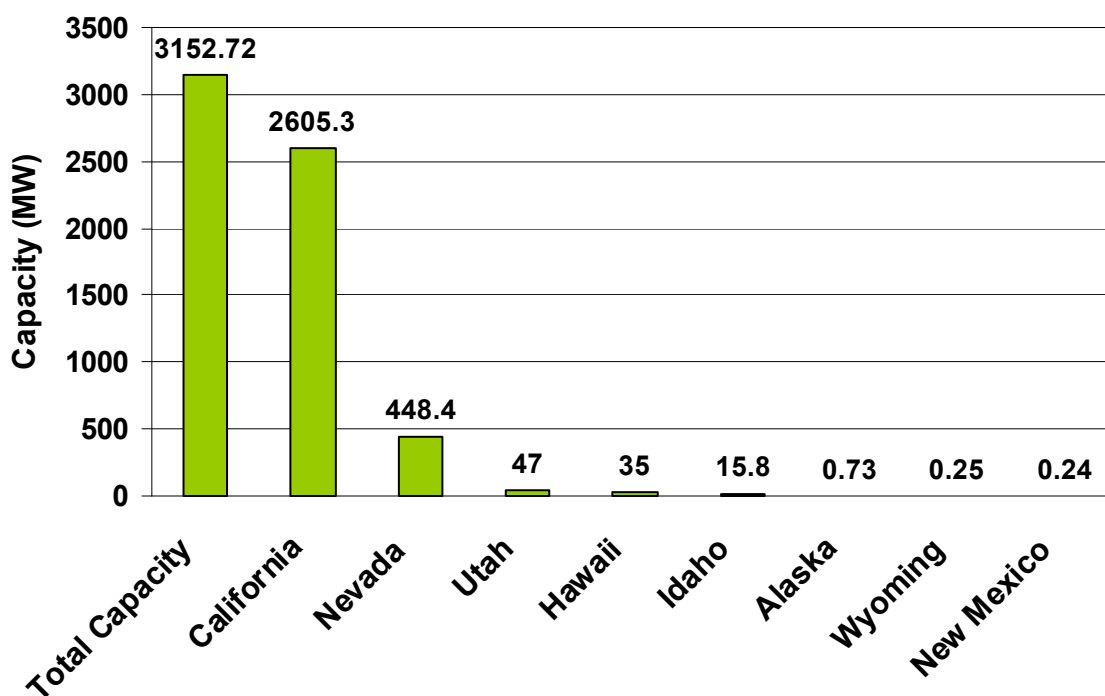
*Cover Photos courtesy of Enel NA, ThermaSource, Geo-Heat Center/OIT, and Ormat.*

This special edition of the Geothermal Energy Association’s *U.S. Geothermal Power Production and Development Update* is an expansion of the most recent industry update released in September 2009. In addition to providing information on current geothermal projects in development, this special edition identifies recent U.S. Department of Energy funding allocated to geothermal research, development, and demonstration projects on a state by state basis. The funding identified in this report comes not only from DOE annual appropriations but also from stimulus money provided by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

# **1. Installed Geothermal Capacity and Generation**

The United States continues to lead the world's countries in online geothermal energy capacity and continues to be one of the principal countries to increase its geothermal growth. In 2007 geothermal energy accounted for 4% of renewable energy-based electricity consumption in the United States.<sup>1</sup> As of September 2009, geothermal electric power generation is occurring in eight U.S. states: Alaska, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming. Other states, such as Oregon, Colorado, Florida, Louisiana, and Mississippi are soon to be added to the list. As of October 2009, the United States has a total installed capacity of 3152.72 MW.

**Figure 1: August 2009 Geothermal Power Capacity On-Line (MW)**



Source: GEA

## **1.1 State Installed Geothermal Capacity Data**

### **Alaska**

The first geothermal power plant in Alaska was installed in 2006 at Chena Hot Springs. It is a small-scale unit, using organic rankine cycle (ORC) technology to produce 225 kW from a low-temperature resource (165°F). Subsequent 225 and 280 kW units have been installed, bringing total capacity to 730 kW<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> U.S. DOE: Geothermal Technologies Program. Geothermal Tomorrow (Sep. 2008).

<sup>2</sup> Previous U.S. Geothermal Industry Updates recorded total installed capacity in Alaska at 680 kW which accounted for net and not gross power generation. Installed capacity figures in this update have been altered to account for gross electricity generation, bringing Alaska's total installed capacity to 730 kW.

## **California**

U.S. geothermal capacity remains concentrated in California. In 2005, California's geothermal capacity exceeded that of every country in the world. In 2007, 4.5 % of California's electric energy generation came from geothermal power plants, amounting to a net-total of 13,439 GWh. California currently has approximately 2605.3 MW of installed capacity.<sup>3</sup>

## **Hawaii**

One geothermal power plant operates on the big island of Hawaii. This plant, Puna Geothermal Venture, delivers an average of 25–30 MW (35 MW name-plate capacity) of firm energy on a continuous basis, supplying approximately 20% of the total electricity needs of the Big Island.<sup>4</sup>

## **Idaho**

In January 2008 the first geothermal power plant came online in Idaho. Raft River, a binary plant that uses a 300°F resource, has a nameplate production capacity of 15.8 MW. Currently, net electrical power output is between 10.5 and 11.5 MW. An expansion to this plant, as well as several other projects in the state, is underway.<sup>5</sup>

## **Nevada**

In the last six months three new power plants have been added to Nevada's geothermal power plant portfolio. There are currently 21 operating geothermal power plants in Nevada with a total operating capacity of 448.4 MW. With more developing projects than any other state, it is expected that Nevada's installed capacity will increase significantly in the future<sup>6</sup>.

## **New Mexico**

In July 2008, a 0.24 MW pilot installation project went online in New Mexico.<sup>7</sup> The full project, Lightning Dock, is currently expected to produce 20 MW.

## **Utah**

A number of geothermal power plants operate in Utah. Unit 1 of the Blundell power plant has a gross capacity of 26 MW and Unit 2 has a capacity of 11 MW. In April 2009 the low temperature 10 MW Hatch Geothermal Power Plant in Beaver County began delivering power to Anaheim California.

## **Wyoming**

Wyoming's first geothermal project came online in September 2008. The co-production demonstration consisted of a 250 kW organic rankine cycle power unit. For more information about the project, please see *Section 5.2: Geothermal Hydrocarbon Co-production*.

---

<sup>3</sup> California Energy Commission: <http://www.energy.ca.gov/>

<sup>4</sup> Hawaii Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism: <http://hawaii.gov/dbedt/info/energy/renewable/geothermal>

<sup>5</sup> Idaho Office of Energy Resources: <http://www.energy.idaho.gov/>

<sup>6</sup> Nevada Commission on Mineral Resources Division of Minerals : <http://minerals.state.nv.us/>

<sup>7</sup> New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department: <http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/main/index.htm>

## **2. New Activity and Federal Funding**

The following results identify up to 6442.9 MW of new geothermal power plant capacity under development in the United States (this includes projects in the initial development phase).<sup>\*</sup> Unconfirmed projects, some of which might be developed in the next few years, increase the potential capacity to 7109.9 MW. There are 14 states with projects currently under consideration or development: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Florida, Hawaii, Idaho, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, and Washington. Between confirmed and unconfirmed projects there are a total of 144 developing projects.

The projects listed for each state are categorized by the following phases:

- **Phase I:** Identifying site, secured rights to resource, initial exploration drilling
- **Phase II:** Exploratory drilling and confirmation underway; PPA not secured
- **Phase III:** Securing PPA and final permits
- **Phase IV:** Production drilling underway; facility under construction
- **Unconfirmed:** Proposed projects that may or may not have secured the rights to the resource, but some exploration has been done on the site

<sup>\*</sup>Only projects in Phase 1 through Phase 4 are included in the 6442.9 MW

**Please Note: GEA is reporting information that is provided to us about these projects from the developer or public sources. We do not independently verify the data provided or warrant its accuracy.**

### **2.1. Active State Geothermal Projects**

**Figure 2: Active Geothermal Projects Listed By State**

**Alaska:** 70 – 115 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Pilgrim Hot Springs	Pilgrim Springs	10
	NANA Geo. Assess. Program	NW Alaska Native Assoc.	TBD
	Unalaska	City of Unalaska	10-50
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	Chena Hot Springs II*	Chena Hot Springs	5-10
	SW Alaska Reg. Geo. Energy Project	Naknek Electric Assoc.	25
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	Tongass**	Bell Island Hot Springs	20

\*Received GRED III funding for Phase I of project

\*\* Pending action of Volume II of the PEIS

## Arizona: 2 – 20 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Clifton	Arizona Public Service	2-20

## California: 1841.8 – 2435.8 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Unnamed Glass Mountain	Calpine	320
	Unnamed North Geysers	Calpine	120
	Orita 3	Ram Power	40-100
	New River	Ram Power	40-50
	NAF El Centro/Superstition Hills	Navy Geothermal Program	5-25
	MCAS Yuma Chocolate Mountains	Navy Geothermal Program	12-30
	NAWS China Lake So Range	Navy Geothermal Program	5-15
	Modoc	Western Geo. Partners*	20
	Modoc	Vulcan**	20
	El Centro CA***		50
	El Centro CA****		50
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	Fourmile Hill-Glass Mountain	Calpine	50
	Telephone Flat-Glass Mountain	Calpine	50
	Buckeye-North Geysers	Calpine	30
	Wildhorse-North Geysers	Calpine	30
	Mammoth Lakes	Ormat	20-30
	Imperial Valley	Ormat	50
	Project CA	Oski Energy	20-40
	KS	Oski Energy	75-100
	HV	Oski Energy	75-100
	KN	Oski Energy	75-100
	Orita 2	Ram Power	40-100
	NAF El Centro/Superstition Mts.	Navy Geothermal Program	12-35
	Marine Corps, Twenty-nine Palms	Navy Geothermal Program	5-12
	Surprise Valley	Enel NA	27-38
<b>Phase 3</b>			

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
	East Brawley	Ormat	30
	Orita 1	Ram Power	40-100
	Black Rock 1	CalEnergy	53
	Black Rock 2	CalEnergy	53
	Black Rock 3	CalEnergy	53
<b>Phase 4</b>			
	WGP Unit 1 - Geysers	Western GeoPower	35
	Hudson Ranch I	CHAR LLC	49.9
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	Salton Sea	Sierra Geothermal Power	18-38
	Military Pass	Vulcan	150-335
	Truckhaven I	Iceland America Energy	49
	San Felipe	Esmeralda Truckhaven	20-25
	Bautista - Truckhaven	Esmeralda Truckhaven	49.9

\*Pending Action of Volume II of PEIS

\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of PEIS

\*\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of PEIS

\*\*\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of PEIS

### Colorado: 10 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	Mount Princeton Geo	Mt. Princeton Geothermal	10

### Florida: 0.2 MW –1 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 4</b>			
	Jay/Mobile ORC	Chena Hot Springs	0.2-1

### Hawaii: 8 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Unspecified Hawaii Project	Ormat	TBD
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Puna	Ormat	8

## Idaho: 238 – 326 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Sulfur Springs	Idatherm	25-50
	Willow Springs	Idatherm	100
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	China Cap	Idatherm	50-100
	Preston Project	Idatherm, Shoshone	50
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Raft River Expansion	US Geothermal	13-26

## Louisiana: .05 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	GHCP (Gas)	GCGE*, ElectraTherm	0.05

\*Gulf Coast Green Energy

## Mississippi: .05 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	GHCP (Oil)	GCGE*, ElectraTherm	0.05

\*Gulf Coast Green Energy

## Nevada: 1876.4 – 3473.4 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Soda Lake Upgrade	Magma	16-29
	McCoy	Magma	80
	Panther	Magma	34
	Desert Queen	Magma	36
	Gabbs Valley	Ormat	30
	Desert Peak EGS	Ormat	TBD
	Dead Horse	Ormat	TBD
	Smith Creek	Ormat	TBD
	Hawthorne	Oski Energy	25-50
	Hot Pot Geo	Oski Energy	30-50

<b>Phase</b>	<b>Project Name</b>	<b>Developer</b>	<b>Capacity (MW)</b>
	Alligator Geo	Oski Energy	20-40
	Gerlach	Sierra Geothermal Power	7-15
	Salt Wells	Sierra Geothermal Power	35-76
	Howard	Sierra Geothermal Power	8-17
	Sulphur	Sierra Geothermal Power	12-27
	Wells	Sierra Geothermal Power	15-32
	Pearl Hot Springs	Sierra Geothermal Power	22-45
	Dixey Valley	Sierra Geothermal Power	14-31
	Dixey Valley North	Sierra Geothermal Power	40-90
	Hawthorne	Sierra Geothermal Power	10-22
	North Salt Wells	Sierra Geothermal Power	48-101
	Spencer	Sierra Geothermal Power	9-19
	Granite Creek	US Geothermal	TBD
	Lee Allen	Vulcan	48-115
	New York Canyon	Vulcan	27-54
	Colado	Vulcan	121-232
	Clayton Valley	Ram Power	120-200
	Delcer Butte	Ram Power	30
	Gabbs Valley	GeoGlobal Energy	5-60
	Hawthorne Army Depot	Navy Geothermal Program	10-30
	NAS Test Ranges-Fallon	Navy Geothermal Program	10-30
	Black Warrior	Nevada Geothermal	37
	Humboldt-Toayaibe*	Great American Energy	12
	Harmon Lake	Enel NA	TBD
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	McGinness Hills	Ormat	30
	Silver State Geo.	Oski Energy	25-50
	Alum	Sierra Geothermal Power	41-85
	Silver Peak	Sierra Geothermal Power	15-42
	Reese River	Sierra Geothermal Power	26-58
	Barren Hills	Sierra Geothermal Power	55-117
	San Emidio	US Geothermal	20-25
	Gerlach	US Geothermal	15-30
	Pyramid Lake	Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe	TBD

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
	Sou Hills	Montara Energy Ventures	TBD
	Trail Canyon	Raser Technologies	10
	Truckee	Raser Technologies	10
	Devil's Canyon	Raser Technologies	10
	Hawthorne Army Depot SW	Navy Geothermal Program	12-25
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Carson Lake	Ormat	18-30
	Salt Wells	Vulcan	117-245
	Aurora	Vulcan	132-350
	Patua Hot Springs	Vulcan	175-378
	NAS, Fallon-Mainside	Navy Geothermal Program	30
	Darrough Ranch	Great American Energy	21
	Hot Sulphur Springs	Energy Investors Fund	20-48
	Pumpnickel Valley	Nevada Geothermal	20-30
	Blue Mountain	Nevada Geothermal	24
<b>Phase 4</b>			
	Jersey Valley	Ormat	18-30
	San Emidio	US Geothermal	8.4
	Rye Patch	Presco Energy	13
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	Florida Canyon Mine	ElectraTherm	TBD
	Fish Lake Valley	Esmeralda Truckhaven	25
	Emigrant	Esmeralda Truckhaven	50
	Fish Lake 2	Esmeralda Truckhaven	25-75

\*Pending Action of Volume II of the PEIS

### New Mexico: 20 MW

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Lightning Dock	Raser Technologies	20

**Oregon: 317.2 – 368.2 MW**

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Glass Butte	Ormat	TBD
	Olene Gap	Oski Energy	25-50
	City of Klamath Falls	City of Klamath Falls	1
	Klamath Falls Plant	Raser Technologies	10
	Hood River County*	Portland General Electric	20
	Willamette**	Estate of Max Millis	20
	Hood River County***	Portland General Electric	30
	Willamette****	Estate of Max Millis	30
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	Neal Hot Springs	US Geothermal	20-26
	Newberry	Davenport Power	120
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Geoheat Center	OIT	1
	Crump Geyser	Nevada Geothermal	40-60
<b>Phase 4</b>			
	Geo-Heat Center	OIT	0.2

\* Pending Action of Volume II of the PEIS

\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of the PEIS

\*\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of the PEIS

\*\*\*\* Pending Action of Volume II of the PEIS

**Utah: 272.4 – 332.4 MW**

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 1</b>			
	Thermo	Magma	20
	Drum Mountain	Ormat	TBD
	Beryl Junction/Falstaff	Verdi Energy Group	15-25
	Thermo 2	Raser Technologies	TBD
	Thermo 3	Raser Technologies	TBD
	Hill Air Force Base	Navy Geothermal Program	5-30
	Cove Fort West	Enel NA	13.4
<b>Phase 2</b>			
	Cove Fort	Oski Energy	50-75
	Cove Fort	Enel NA	69

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Phase 3</b>			
	Renaissance	Idatherm	100

**Washington:** Undefined

Phase	Project Name	Developer	Capacity (MW)
<b>Unconfirmed</b>			
	Mt. Baker	Vulcan	TBD

### **3. Developing Project Summaries**

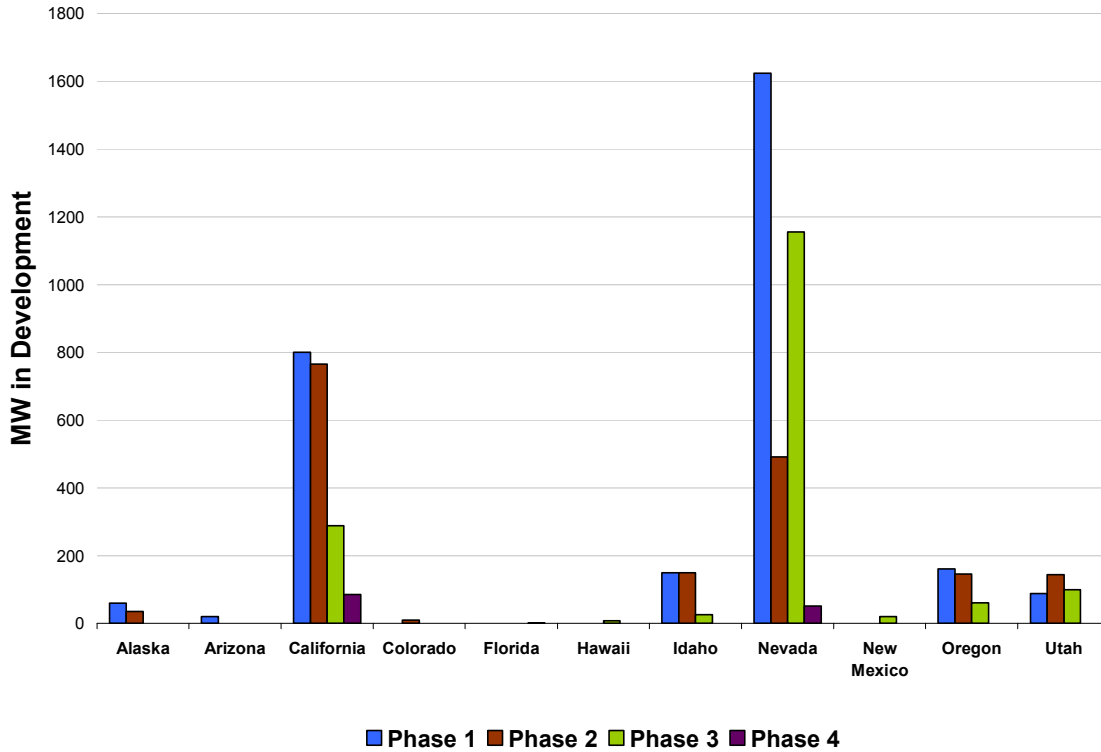
**Figure 3: Developing Projects by Phase**

State	Unconfirmed		Phase I		Phase II		Phase III		Phase IV	
	#	MW	#	MW	#	MW	#	MW	#	MW
Alaska	1	20	3	20 - 60	2	30-35				
Arizona			1	2-20						
California	5	286.9-496.9	11	682-800	14	559-765	5	229-289	2	84.9
Colorado					1	10				
Florida									1	0.2-1
Hawaii			1	Unspecified			1	8		
Idaho			2	125-150	2	100-150	1	13-26		
Louisiana	1	.05								
Mississippi	1	.05								
Nevada	4	100-150	34	911-1624	14	269-492	9	533-1132	3	39.4-51.4
New Mexico							1	20		
Oregon			8	136-161	2	140-146	2	41-61	1	0.2
Utah			7	53.4-88.4	2	119-144	1	100		
Washington	1	Unspecified								
Wyoming										
<b>Totals</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>407-667</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>1929.4-2903.4</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1227-1742</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>968-1660</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>124.7-137.5</b>

**Figure 4: Developing Projects by State**

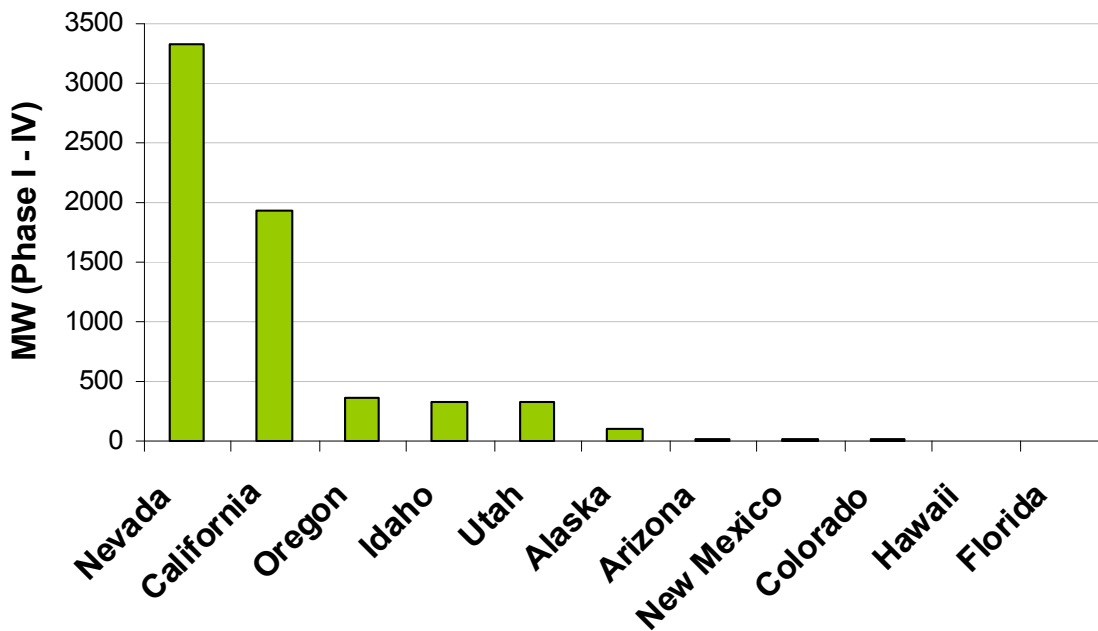
<b>State</b>	<b>Phase 1 to Phase 4</b>	<b>TOTAL (with unconfirmed)</b>
<b>Alaska</b>	5/50 – 95 MW	6/70 – 115 MW
<b>Arizona</b>	1/2 – 20 MW	1/2 – 20 MW
<b>California</b>	32/1554.9 – 1938.9 MW	37/1841.8 – 2435.8 MW
<b>Colorado</b>	1/10 MW	1/10 MW
<b>Florida</b>	1/0.2 – 1 MW	1/0.2 – 1 MW
<b>Hawaii</b>	2/8 MW	2/8 MW
<b>Idaho</b>	5/238 – 326 MW	5/238 – 326 MW
<b>Louisiana</b>	0	1/.05 MW
<b>Mississippi</b>	0	1/.05 MW
<b>Nevada</b>	60/1776.4 – 3323.4 MW	64/1876.4 – 3473.4 MW
<b>New Mexico</b>	1/20 MW	1/20 MW
<b>Oregon</b>	13/317.2 – 368.2 MW	13/317.2 – 368.2 MW
<b>Utah</b>	10/272.4 – 332.4 MW	10/272.4 – 332.4 MW
<b>Washington</b>	1/Unspecified	1/Unspecified
<b>Total</b>	<b>132 Projects 4249.1 – 6442.9 MW</b>	<b>144 Projects 4699.9 – 7109.9 MW</b>

**Figure 5: Developing Projects by State and Phase**



Source: GEA

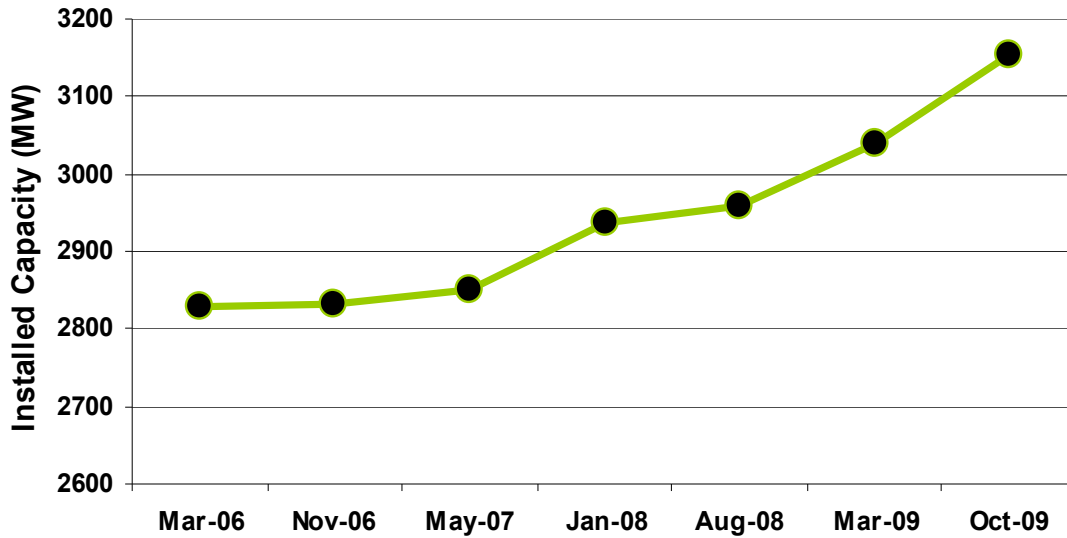
**Figure 6: Total Capacity in Development by State**



Source: GEA

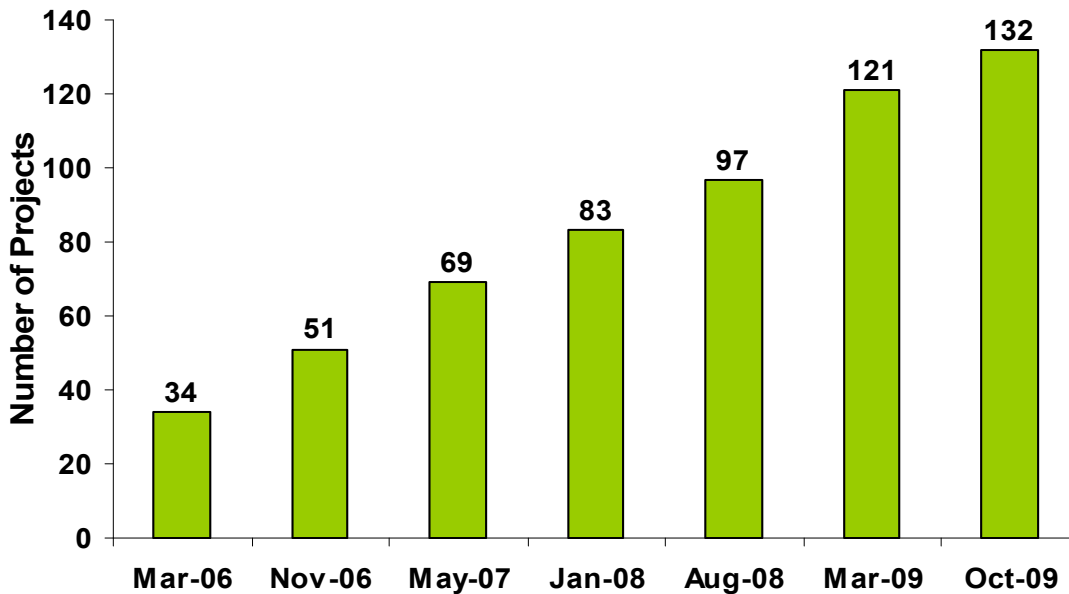
## 4. Comparison of Results from GEA Surveys: March 2006 – March 2009

Figure 7: Total Installed Capacity 2006 – 2009



Source: GEA

Figure 8: Total Confirmed Projects 2006 – 2009



Source: GEA

## **5. Emerging Technologies**

As geothermal Technology progresses, resources that were once non-commercial are now being actively examined as feasible possibilities. The following are some of the more commonly discussed areas of future development.

**5.1 Enhanced Geothermal Systems (EGS)** – The term EGS commonly refers to any resource that requires artificial stimulation and includes resources that have to be fully engineered, or ones that produce hydrothermal fluid, but sub-commercially. In certain respects EGS is still a young and not fully proven technology. However, several EGS R&D and demonstration projects are underway in the United States. If EGS technology proves to be successful, it is expected to allow significantly increased extension and production from existing fields, as well as utilization of geothermal energy in previously implausible locations.

**Desert Peak, Nevada:** The U.S. Department of Energy has invested more than \$5 million in a project that is currently in development and is designed to be the first geothermal operation to commercially produce geothermal energy via EGS in the United States. Ormat Technologies Inc. and GeothermEx Inc. are among some of the other stakeholders in the project. It is estimated that the completion of the project could add approximately 5 MW to the Desert Peak geothermal power plant, showing the potential of Enhanced Geothermal System development.

DOE has selected other EGS R&D and demonstration projects for federal funding. The agency hopes to have the technology ready for commercial production by 2015.<sup>8</sup> Additional details on the DOE's Geothermal Technologies Program (GTP) and how it supports the geothermal industry are provided in section 6.1 (DOE Geothermal Technologies Program Funding and Projects) below.

**5.2 Geothermal Hydrocarbon Co-production** – Usable geothermal fluids are often found in oil and gas production fields as well as certain mining operations. The Southern Methodist University Geothermal Energy Program has estimated that geothermal hydrocarbon co-production (GHCP) operations in the Texas Gulf Plains has the capability of providing 1000 – 5000 MW of power.<sup>9</sup> Currently there is no geothermal production in that region. The GEA has gathered information on five GHCP operations.

**Jay Oil Field (Florida):** Chena Energy LLC and Quantum Resources Management LLC are partnering to co-produce geothermal energy with fossil fuels at the Jay Oilfield in Florida. The GHCP operation is planned to utilize 120,000 barrels of co-produced water with Pratt & Whitney Power Systems Pure Cycle Power System. The expected capacity of the project is 200 kW but has potential for 1 MW. If successful, a full project could follow at the Florida oilfield and provide about 5% of the field's total electrical demand. The demo project is expected to become operational in 2009.<sup>10</sup>

---

<sup>8</sup> DOE, *DOE Funds 21 Research, Development and Demonstration Projects for up to \$78 Million to Promote Enhanced Geothermal Systems*, (October 6, 2008), <http://www.energy.gov/news/6624.htm>

<sup>9</sup> McKenna, et al, SMU, *Oil and Gas Journal*, (September 5, 2005).

<sup>10</sup> Allan Jelacic, DOE, *The Geothermal Technology Program: A Renaissance*, (November 20, 2008)

**Rocky Mountain Oil Test Center (Wyoming):** RMOTC is another GHCP demonstration project near Casper, Wyoming. In August 2008, a 250 kW Ormat organic Rankine cycle (ORC) power unit was installed and a month later it began operating. Through February 2009, the unit produced more than 586 MWh of power from 3.0 million barrels of hot water with an on line percentage of 97.<sup>11</sup> The unit was shut-down for maintenance and repair and has been down while the field network of wells are being modified to produce a more consistent volume of water. The demonstration project will continue to operate past the original September 2009 date as part of a project with the DOE Geothermal Technologies Program (GTP). The GTP collaboration will include the addition of a UTC 280kW liquid cooled unit. Also to be included is a testing facility for smaller generation systems. For more information please visit (<http://www.rmotc.doe.gov>)

**GCGE Oil Co-production (Mississippi):** Gulf Coast Green Energy and Denbury Resources are planning on generating co-produced geothermal electricity from a producing oil well in the state of Mississippi. The test project will employ one of ElectraTherm's modular and mobile waste heat generators to use hot produced water from the oil well to generate 50 kWh of electricity. The project has received a federal research grant as well as technical support from the Southern Methodist University's Geothermal Lab.

**GCGE Natural Gas Co-production (Louisiana):** Gulf Coast Green Energy, Louisiana Power Company, and an unnamed Houston based oil and gas company are working together to generate co-produced geothermal electricity from natural gas production operations in the State of Louisiana. An ElectraTherm modular and mobile waste heat generator unit will be employed to generate 50 kWh of electricity from produced water from a producing natural gas well.

**Florida Canyon Mine (Nevada):** ElectraTherm Inc. is planning on deploying two "green machine" units at the Florida Canyon Mine in Nevada. The two modular units will utilize groundwater from mining operations to generate electricity while cooling the water used in mining operations. Premier Technology is to install the piping interface between ElectraTherm's modular units and the heated groundwater. The project was scheduled to be commissioned in September, 2009.

**5.3. Geopressured Geothermal Resources** – There is also renewed interest in the energy potential of geopressured-geothermal resources. While located in a number of states, the most significant resources are said to be located in the northern Gulf of Mexico, particularly Texas and Louisiana (offshore and onshore). The USGS has estimated that in addition to thousands of megawatts of geothermal energy, these resources hold as much as 1,000 TCF of potentially recoverable gas. Also, it is estimated that in Texas alone, there exists a total geopressured resource of 5,100 EJ.<sup>12</sup> Although Congress authorized new technology demonstrations for

---

<sup>11</sup> Lyle Johnson and Dan Lee Simon, DOE and Ormat Technologies, *Electrical Power from an Oil Production Waste Stream*, (February 2009)

<sup>12</sup> Texas State Energy Conservation Office, *Texas Renewable Energy Resource Assessment*, (December 2008)

geopressured-geothermal systems in 2007, no new projects or demonstrations have been identified for this report.

For more information on these technologies, see *The State of Geothermal Technology: Parts I & II*, recently released by the Geothermal Energy Association (for electronic copies, please visit: <http://www.geo-energy.org/publications/reports.asp>).

**5.4. Geothermal Heat Pumps** - In the United States, the Geothermal Heat Pump industry has seen continuous growth over the last four years. A February 2009 Energy Information Administration (EIA) report shows that geothermal heat pump shipments increased by 36 percent to 86,396 units in 2007. That same year capacity shipped rose 19 percent to 291,300 tons. Although geothermal heat pumps tend to cost more initially than traditional heating and cooling systems, the high efficiency and ongoing cost-saving potential of geothermal heat pumps has resulted in them becoming more appealing to many consumers. For more information on the EIA report, please visit (<http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/solar.renewables/page/ghpsurvey/geothermalrpt.pdf>)

## **6. Federal Programs and Funding**

### **6.1 DOE Geothermal Technologies Program Funding and Projects**

The Department of Energy (DOE) Geothermal Technologies Program (GTP) works with industry, academia, research facilities, and national laboratories to advance geothermal technologies to eventual commercial scale application. The GTP provides funding to institutions in the aforementioned sectors in order to assist research, development, and demonstration efforts in the geothermal industry. Funding for research, development, and demonstration projects is primarily provided via funding opportunity announcements (FOA's).

In addition to funding provided to the geothermal industry through annual appropriations, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provided up to \$400m in new funding for the GTP to implement over a wide range of research, development, demonstration, and deployment activities. The amount of Federal funding provided to the geothermal industry through ARRA is unprecedented and provides resources necessary to spur the continued development of domestic geothermal resources. With ARRA funding the DOE GTP initiatives will spur not only new jobs but also the development and deployment of new technology as well as growth in new applications for the geothermal marketplace.

The following results identify up to \$342M of federal funding currently allocated to 132 geothermal research, development, and demonstration projects in 27 states. When cost sharing among the awardees is accounted for, the amount of dollars allocated to geothermal research and development over the last year increases to approximately \$626M. Additionally, a portion of funding provided to the geothermal industry via DOE GTP has been allocated to 1013 MW of geothermal projects already in development. **Projects in development receiving DOE GTP funding are identified in a separate table on a state-by-state basis where applicable. Note that these projects have already been listed in section 2.1, *Active State Geothermal Projects*, of this report. Therefore, the MW values of projects in development receiving DOE funding are not to be thought of as additional to the 7109.9 MW of geothermal capacity in development already identified. Values for MW in development receiving DOE funding are derived from industry estimates used in section 2.1 of this report and are not provided by DOE.**

Research and development needs in the geothermal industry cover a wide range of technologies and applications. Projects identified here fall under one of the following areas: EGS demonstration projects, new application projects<sup>13</sup>, innovative exploration technologies, EGS R&D or analysis, and the national geothermal data system (NGDS). As the focus of this report is on geothermal development for power production, federal funding to geothermal heat pump development projects has not been included here.

---

<sup>13</sup> New application projects include geothermal electricity generation from geothermal hydrocarbon co-production, geopressured, and low-temperature resources. DOE, EERE. *Geothermal Technologies Program Recovery Act Funding Opportunities*. June, 2009.

**Figure 9: DOE Funding by State**

**Alaska R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding**

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Naknek Electric	GeothermEx	Demonstration (EGS)	\$12,376,568	\$18,970,500
U. of Alaska	--	Remote Sensing Exploration	\$4,616,879	\$1,538,960
Trabits Group	ThermaSource	High Temperature Cements (EGS)	\$2,154,238	\$538,557
Hattenburg, Dilley, and Linell	University of Utah/EGI	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$313,858	\$81,000
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$19,461,543</b>	<b>\$21,129,017</b>

Additional AK project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=AK](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=AK))

**Alaska Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding**

Project	Capacity (MW) <sup>14</sup>	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
SW AK Geo Project	25	Naknek Electric	\$31,347,068
Pilgrim Hot Springs	10	U. of Alaska	\$6,155,839
<b>Total</b>	<b>35 MW</b>		<b>\$37,502,907</b>

**Arizona R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding**

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Arizona Geological Survey	Multiple*	National Geothermal Data System	\$15,799,947	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$15,799,947</b>	<b>\$0</b>

Additional AZ project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=AZ](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=AZ))

\*Denotes additional Multiple Partners

**California R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding**

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
AltaRock Energy	NCPA	Demonstration (EGS)	\$6,014,351	\$11,438,351
Geysers Power Company	LBNL	Demonstration (EGS)	\$5,697,700	\$6,120,050
Ram Power	--	New Exploration Technology	\$5,000,000	\$9,339,420
Potter Drilling	Cornell U.	Drilling Systems	\$5,000,000	\$2,479,243
Ormat	--	Seismic Exploration	\$4,475,015	\$1,507,980
Simbol Mining	--	Mineral Recovery (EGS)	\$3,000,000	\$4,277,162
Symyx Technologies	LBNL	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$3,000,000	\$1,004,705
U. of CA, Berkely	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$1,824,281	\$456,071
USC	Geysers Power*	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$1,483,189	\$417,088
Array IT	LBNL*	Induced Seismicity (EGS)	\$1,381,611	\$5,400,000
SAIC	Geowatt AG	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$1,025,953	\$256,489
LLNL <sup>15</sup>	--	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$1,025,000	\$0
LBNL <sup>16</sup>	--	Fluid Imaging (EGS)	\$1,025,000	\$0

<sup>14</sup> Capacity (MW) in development values in this report are derived from industry estimates and are not provided by DOE.

<sup>15</sup> Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Stanford U.	--	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$966,860	\$241,934
LBL	--	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$956,000	\$0
LBL	--	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$941,000	\$0
LLNL	--	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$925,000	\$0
LLNL	--	Induced Seismicity (EGS)	\$925,000	\$0
Oasys Water	AltaRock	Low Temperature Technology	\$910,997	\$911,000
LBL	--	THMC Modeling (EGS)	\$852,000	\$0
Foulger Consulting	Magma*	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$561,729	\$141,311
California State U.	U. of Kansas	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$380,156	\$95,039
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$47,370,842</b>	<b>\$44,085,843</b>

Additional CA project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=CA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=CA))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

### California Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
New River	40-50	Ram Power	\$14,339,420
<b>Total</b>	<b>40-50 MW</b>		<b>\$14,339,420</b>

### Colorado R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Flint Geothermal	Aspen Drilling*	Remote Sensing Exploration	\$4,778,234	\$2,932,500
PEER <sup>17</sup>	Mt. Princeton Geothermal*	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$1,840,000	\$460,000
Colorado School of Mines	--	THMC Modeling (EGS)	\$1,191,893	\$300,000
Composite Technology	New England Wire Technology*	Downhole Pumps (EGS)	\$987,739	\$249,750
Composite Technology	A-Power*	Zonal Isolation (EGS)	\$954,546	\$240,000
NREL <sup>18</sup>	--	Air Cooling (EGS)	\$875,000	\$0
Colorado School of Mines	Mt. Princeton Geothermal*	Fluid Flow Imaging (EGS)	\$867,574	\$269,993
Colorado School of Mines	--	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$860,597	\$290,000
Composite Technology	A-Power*	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$557,150	\$180,000
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$12,912,733</b>	<b>\$4,922,243</b>

Additional CO project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=CO](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=CO))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

### Colorado Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
Mount Princeton Geo	10	Mt. Princeton Geothermal	\$1,137,567
<b>Total</b>	<b>10 MW</b>		<b>\$1,137,567</b>

<sup>16</sup> Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

<sup>17</sup> Power, Environmental and Energy Research Institute

<sup>18</sup> National Renewable Energy Laboratory

## Connecticut R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
United Technologies	Georgia Institute of Technology*	Binary Working Fluids (EGS)	\$1,823,969	\$455,992
Gas Equipment Engineering	Power Engineers*	Geothermal Cost Analysis (EGS)	\$1,243,624	\$310,906
United Technologies	Chena Energy*	Air Cooling (EGS)	\$1,199,928	\$299,982
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$4,267,521</b>	<b>\$1,066,880</b>

Additional CT project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=CT](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=CT))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

## Hawaii R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Ormat	LBNL*	Remote Sensing; Geochemical Exploration	\$4,911,330	\$5,595,464
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$4,911,330</b>	<b>\$5,595,464</b>

Additional HI project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=HI](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=HI))

\*Denotes Multiple Partners

## Hawaii Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
Puna	8	Mt. Princeton Geothermal	\$10,506,794
<b>Total</b>		<b>8 MW</b>	<b>\$10,506,794</b>

## Idaho R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
U. of Utah	US Geothermal*	Demonstration (EGS)	\$8,928,999	\$3,372,789
Boise State U.	USGS*	National Geothermal Data System	\$5,000,000	\$0
Utah State U.	USGS*	New Exploration Technology	\$4,640,110	\$2,054,674
Boise State U.	--	National Geothermal Data System	\$1,550,000	\$0
INL <sup>19</sup>	--	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$1,133,000	\$0
INL	--	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$977,000	\$0
INL	--	Air Cooling (EGS)	\$810,000	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$23,039,109</b>	<b>\$5,427,463</b>

Additional ID project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=ID](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=ID))

\*Denotes Multiple Partners

## Idaho Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
Raft River Expansion	13-26	University of Utah	\$12,301,788
<b>Total</b>		<b>13-26 MW</b>	<b>\$12,301,788</b>

<sup>19</sup> Idaho National Laboratory

## Illinois R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Argonne <sup>20</sup>	Arizona State U.	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$1,300,000	\$0
Argonne	--	Binary Working Fluids (EGS)	\$850,000	\$0
Argonne	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$550,000	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$2,700,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>

Additional IL project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=IL](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=IL))

## Louisiana R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Louisiana Tank	GeothermEx*	Geopressured Resources	\$5,000,000	\$10,202,879
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$5,000,000</b>	<b>\$10,202,879</b>

Additional LA project information : ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=LA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=LA))

\*Denotes Multiple Partners

## Massachusetts R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Draka Cableteq	AltaRock*	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$3,222,398	\$1,185,792
MIT	ENEL NA*	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$1,019,769	\$260,000
MIT	--	Geothermal Analysis (EGS)	\$549,148	\$157,290
MIT	Chevron*	Fluid Flow Imaging (EGS)	\$508,633	\$450,000
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$5,299,948</b>	<b>\$2,053,082</b>

Additional MA project information : ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=MA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=MA))

\*Denotes multiple partners

## Minnesota R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
U. of Minnesota	--	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$1,550,018	\$387,505
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$1,550,018</b>	<b>\$387,505</b>

Additional MN project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=MN](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=MN))

## Nevada R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
TGP Development Company	Array Information Technology*	Demonstration (EGS)	\$14,006,000	\$5,668,667
Magma Energy	Dawson Geophysical*	3D Seismic Exploration	\$5,000,000	\$9,571,873
Magma Energy	Great Basin Center*	Geochemical Exploration	\$5,000,000	\$6,126,664

<sup>20</sup> Argonne National Laboratory

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Sierra Geothermal	SpecTIR*	Remote Sensing Exploration	\$5,000,000	\$7,356,546
Sierra Geothermal	GeothermEx	Innovative Exploration Technology	\$5,000,000	\$7,356,546
Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe	--	Innovative Exploration Technology	\$4,845,534	\$0
Oski Energy	ThermaSource*	Seismic Exploration	\$4,214,086	\$3,985,570
GeoGlobal Energy	--	Innovative Exploration Technology	\$4,040,375	\$3,302,766
Vulcan Power	--	Remote Sensing; Shallow Temperature Survey Exploration	\$3,825,973	\$4,489,760
U.S. Geothermal	--	Innovative Exploration Technology	\$3,772,560	\$3,451,878
Ormat	GeoMechanics*	Demonstration (EGS)	\$3,374,430	\$2,735,970
U. of Kansas	Esmerelda Energy*	Innovative Exploration Technology	\$2,400,509	\$1,128,967
Presco Energy	APEX-HiPoint*	Seismic Exploration	\$2,277,081	\$1,934,148
Beowawe Power	--	Low Temperature Technology	\$2,000,000	\$2,437,365
Terra-Gen	--	Low Temperature Technology	\$2,000,000	\$12,148,900
Geothermal Technical Partners	--	Shallow Temperature Survey Exploration	\$1,609,275	\$1,619,666
Nevada Geothermal	Gore Technologies	Geochemical Exploration	\$1,597,847	\$1,597,847
AltaRock Energy	U. of Nevada Reno*	Geophysical Exploration (EGS)	\$1,450,120	\$525,928
U. of Nevada Reno	Ormat*	THMC Modeling (EGS)	\$1,278,070	\$351,600
Great Basin Center	Hemlholtz Center*	Geophysical Exploration (EGS)	\$935,505	\$234,429
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$73,627,365</b>	<b>\$76,025,090</b>

Additional NV project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=NV](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=NV))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

### Nevada Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
Soda Lake Upgrade	16-29	Magma Energy	\$14,571,873
McCoy	80	Magma Energy	\$11,126,664
Alum	41-85	Sierra Geothermal	\$12,356,546
Silver Peak	15-42	Sierra Geothermal	\$12,356,546
Pyramid Lake	TBD	Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe	\$4,845,534
Hot Pot Geo	30-50	Oski Energy	\$8,199,656
Gabbs Valley	5-60	GeoGlobal Energy	\$7,343,141
Colado	121-232	Vulcan Power	\$8,315,733
San Emidio	20-25	U.S. Geothermal	\$7,224,438
Emigrant	50	University of Kansas	\$3,529,476
Rye Patch	13	Presco Energy	\$4,211,229
Black Warrior	37	Nevada Geothermal	\$3,195,694
<b>Total</b>	<b>428-703 MW</b>		<b>\$97,276,530</b>

## New Mexico R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Pueblo of Jemez	Berrendo Energy*	Seismic and Tracer Exploration	\$4,995,844	\$100,000
Perma Works and Frequency Management Int.	Electrochemical Systems, Inc.*	High Temperature Tools (EGS)	\$2,200,000	\$769,978
LANL <sup>21</sup>	NETL	Fluid Imaging (EGS)	\$1,005,893	\$0
SNL <sup>22</sup>	--	Drilling Systems (EGS)	\$981,000	\$0
SNL	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$941,000	\$0
LANL	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$894,000	\$0
Arthur J. Mansure	--	Geothermal Analysis (EGS)	\$50,000	\$12,500
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$11,067,737</b>	<b>\$882,478</b>

Additional NM project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=NM](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=NM))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

## New York R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
GE Global Research	--	High Temperature Directional Drilling Tools (EGS)	\$3,439,991	\$859,998
GE Global Research	AltaRock*	Binary Working Fluids (EGS)	\$3,000,000	\$750,000
GE Global Research	GE Oil & Gas*	Well Fluid Listing Systems (EGS)	\$2,399,990	\$599,997
GE Company	Qorex*	High Temperature Downhole Tools (Egs)	\$2,085,090	\$567,696
GE Global Research	Auburn U.*	High Temperature Tools (EGS)	\$1,599,915	\$399,979
BNL <sup>23</sup>	PNNL*	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$1,075,000	\$0
BNL	LATICRETE Int.*	Fracture Sealants (EGS)	\$579,000	\$0
BNL	LATICRETE Int.*	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$334,000	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$14,512,986</b>	<b>\$3,177,670</b>

Additional NY project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=NY](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=NY))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

## North Dakota R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
U. of North Dakota	Berrendo Geo.*	Coproduction Fluids	\$1,733,864	\$1,734,058
U. of North Dakota	Berrendo Geo.*	Low Temperature Technology	\$1,733,864	\$1,734,058
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$3,467,728</b>	<b>\$3,468,116</b>

Additional ND project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=ND](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=ND))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

<sup>21</sup> Los Alamos National Laboratory

<sup>22</sup> Sandia National Laboratory

<sup>23</sup> Brookhaven National Laboratory

## Oklahoma R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Impact Technologies	LBNL*	Drilling Systems (EGS)	\$2,399,999	\$600,000
Hi-Q Geophysical	Ormat*	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$817,757	\$542,000
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$3,217,756</b>	<b>\$1,142,000</b>

Additional OK project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=OK](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=OK))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

## Oregon R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
AltaRock	Davenport Power*	Demonstration (EGS)	\$24,999,430	\$60,758,496
Newberry Geothermal	APEX HiPoint*	Seismic and Geochemical Exploration	\$5,000,000	\$5,483,016
Ormat	--	Remote Sensing Exploration	\$4,377,000	\$1,417,500
Surprise Valley Electrification	--	Low Temperature Technology	\$2,000,000	\$7,513,522
Nevada Geothermal	USGS	New Exploration Technology	\$1,764,272	\$1,764,272
Johnson Controls	Barber-Nichols*	Low Temperature Technology	\$1,047,714	\$1,047,714
City of Klamath Falls	--	Low Temperature Technology	\$816,100	\$816,100
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$40,004,516</b>	<b>\$78,800,620</b>

Additional OR project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=OR](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=OR))

\*Denotes additional multiple partners

## Oregon Geothermal Resource Development Projects Receiving DOE Funding

Project	Capacity (MW)	ARRA Awardee	Funding (DOE/Cost Share)
Newberry	120	AltaRock	\$85,757,926
Glass Butte	TBD	Ormat	\$5,794,500
Crump Geyser	40-60	Nevada Geothermal	\$3,528,544
City of Klamath Falls	1	City of Klamath Falls	\$1,632,200
<b>Total</b>	<b>162-181 MW</b>		<b>\$96,713,170</b>

## Pennsylvania R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Pennsylvania State U.	LBNL	THMC Modeling (EGS)	\$1,113,024	\$489,476
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$1,113,024</b>	<b>\$489,476</b>

Additional PA project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=PA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=PA))

## Tennessee R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
ORNL <sup>24</sup>	--	Drilling Systems (EGS)	\$1,085,000	\$0
ORNL	--	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$1,000,000	\$0
ORNL	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$964,000	\$0
ORNL	--	Binary Working Fluids (EGS)	\$935,000	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$3,984,000</b>	<b>\$0</b>

Additional TN project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=TN](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=TN))

## Texas R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Southern Methodist U.	Siemens Corporate Research*	National Geothermal Data System	\$5,250,000	\$0
Baker-Hughes	--	Directional Drilling Systems (EGS)	\$5,000,000	\$1,363,900
El Paso County	AeroSpect*	Geochemical and Drilling Exploration	\$5,000,000	\$4,812,500
Schlumberger	--	High Temperature Downhole Tools (EGS)	\$4,731,449	\$1,627,901
Baker-Hughes	--	High Temperature Tools (EGS)	\$3,139,365	\$784,842
Universal GeoPower	Power Engineers*	Coproduction Fluids	\$1,499,288	\$2,050,000
U. of Texas, Austin	AOA Geophysics*	Geophysical Exploration (EGS)	\$1,397,170	\$349,292
Adi Analytics	Pennsylvania State U.*	Geothermal Analysis (EGS)	\$1,335,727	\$339,452
Schlumberger	--	Downhole Pumps (EGS)	\$1,254,323	\$715,806
Schlumberger	--	High Temperature Tools (EGS)	\$1,253,959	\$417,408
Texas A&M	AltaRock*	Induced Seismicity (EGS)	\$1,061,245	\$546,197
Texas A&M	AltaRock*	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$814,386	\$203,598
Texas A&M	AltaRock*	Stimulation Modeling (EGS)	\$685,141	\$171,285
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$32,422,053</b>	<b>\$13,382,181</b>

Additional TX project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=TX](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=TX))

\*Denotes multiple additional partners

<sup>24</sup> Oak Ridge National Laboratory

## Utah R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
University of Utah	LBNL	Tracers (EGS)	\$1,091,039	\$329,905
University of Utah	--	Fracture Characterization (EGS)	\$972,751	\$243,188
University of Utah	LANL*	Supercritical CO2 (EGS)	\$944,707	\$606,699
University of Utah	AltaRock*	Tracer Interpretation (EGS)	\$768,059	\$470,439
CSI Technologies	AltaRock*	Fracture Sealants (EGS)	\$766,598	\$585,000
University of Utah	--	Geothermal Analysis (EGS)	\$603,230	\$150,930
University of Utah	--	Geophysical Exploration (EGS)	\$559,458	\$140,378
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$5,705,842</b>	<b>\$2,526,539</b>

Additional UT project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=UT](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=UT))

\*Denotes multiple additional partners

## Virginia R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
William Lettis & Associates	Bureau of Reclamation*	Induced Seismicity (EGS)	\$708,000	\$194,852
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$708,000</b>	<b>\$194,852</b>

Additional VA project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=VA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=VA))

\*Denotes multiple additional partners

## Washington R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Honeywell Int.	Applied Physics Systems	High Temperature Directional Drilling Tools (EGS)	\$3,960,000	\$990,000
PNNL <sup>25</sup>	--	Binary Working Fluids (EGS)	\$760,000	\$0
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$4,720,000</b>	<b>\$990,000</b>

Additional WA project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=WA](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=WA))

## West Virginia R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
West Virginia U.	Cornell University*	Geothermal Analysis (EGS)	\$1,269,595	\$332,875
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$1,269,595</b>	<b>\$332,875</b>

Additional WV project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=WV](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=WV))

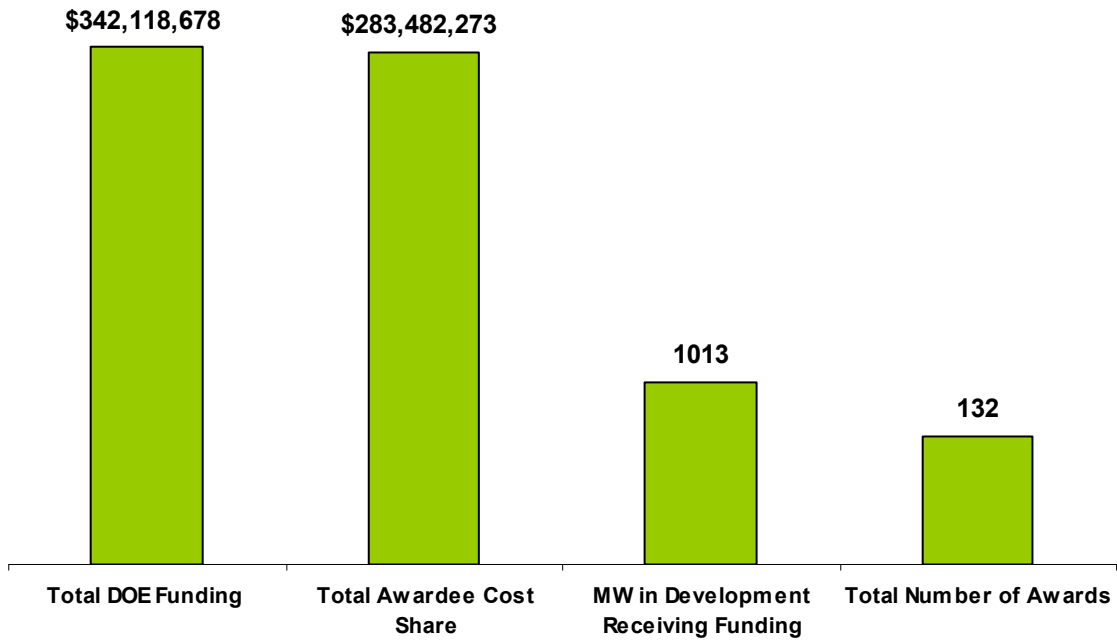
<sup>25</sup> Pacific Northwest National Laboratory

## Wyoming R&D and Demonstration Projects with DOE Funding

Awardee	Partner	Technology Type	DOE Funding	Cost Share
Novatek	--	Drilling Systems (EGS)	\$4,500,000	\$7,200,000
<b>Total</b>			<b>\$4,500,000</b>	<b>\$7,200,000</b>

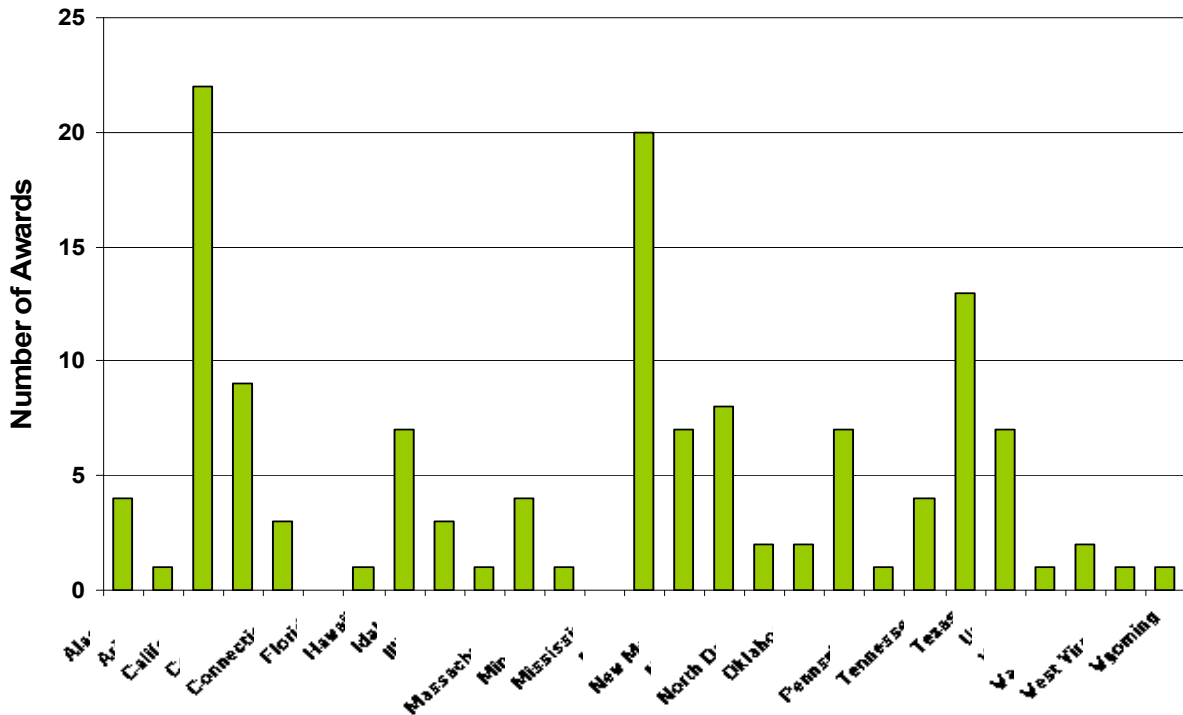
Additional WY project information: ([http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state\\_listing.cfm/state=WY](http://apps1.eere.energy.gov/geothermal/projects/state_listing.cfm/state=WY))

**Figure 10: DOE Funding, Cost Share, MW Receiving Funding, and Project Totals**



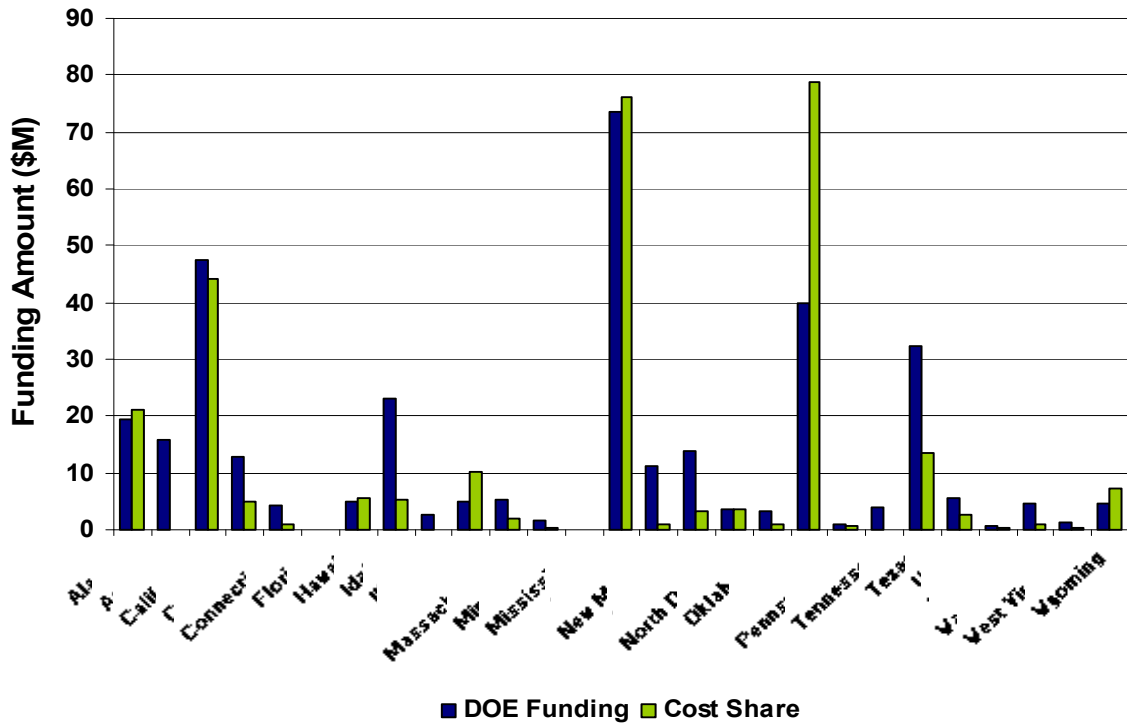
Source: GEA, DOE

**Figure 11: Total Projects Receiving Funding by State**



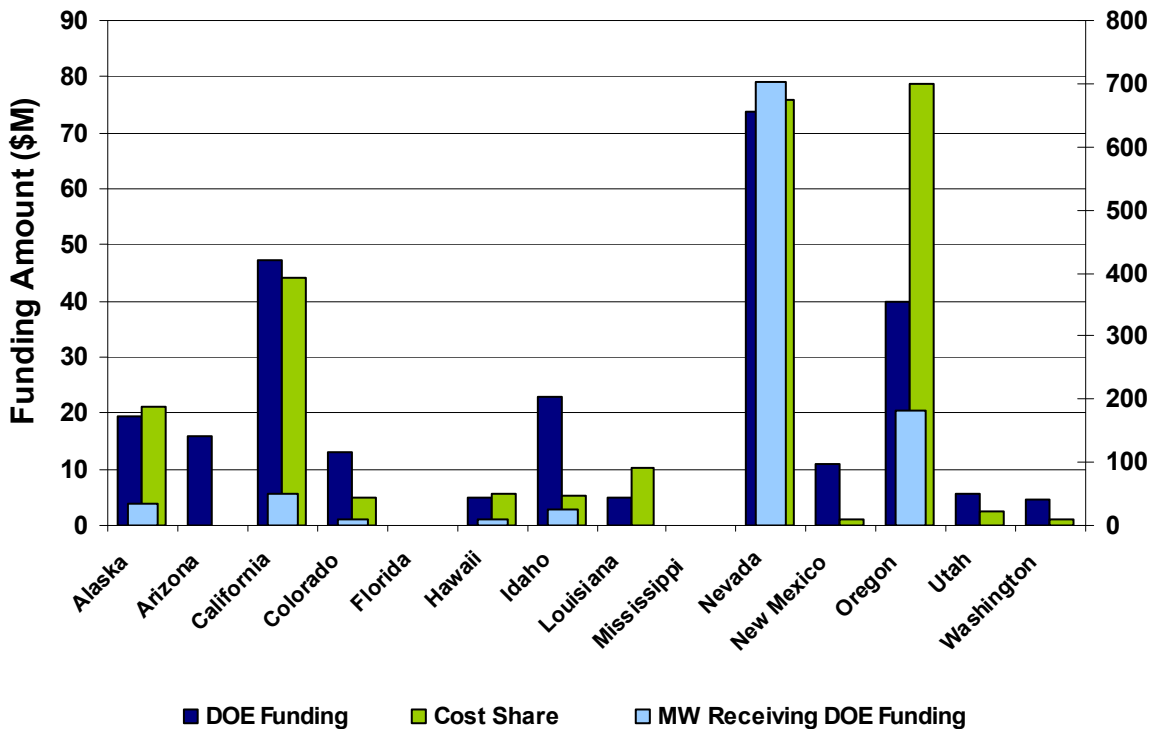
Source: GEA, DOE

Figure 12: Total Federal Funding and Cost Share by State



Source: GEA, DOE

Figure 13: Geothermal MW in Development Receiving Funding



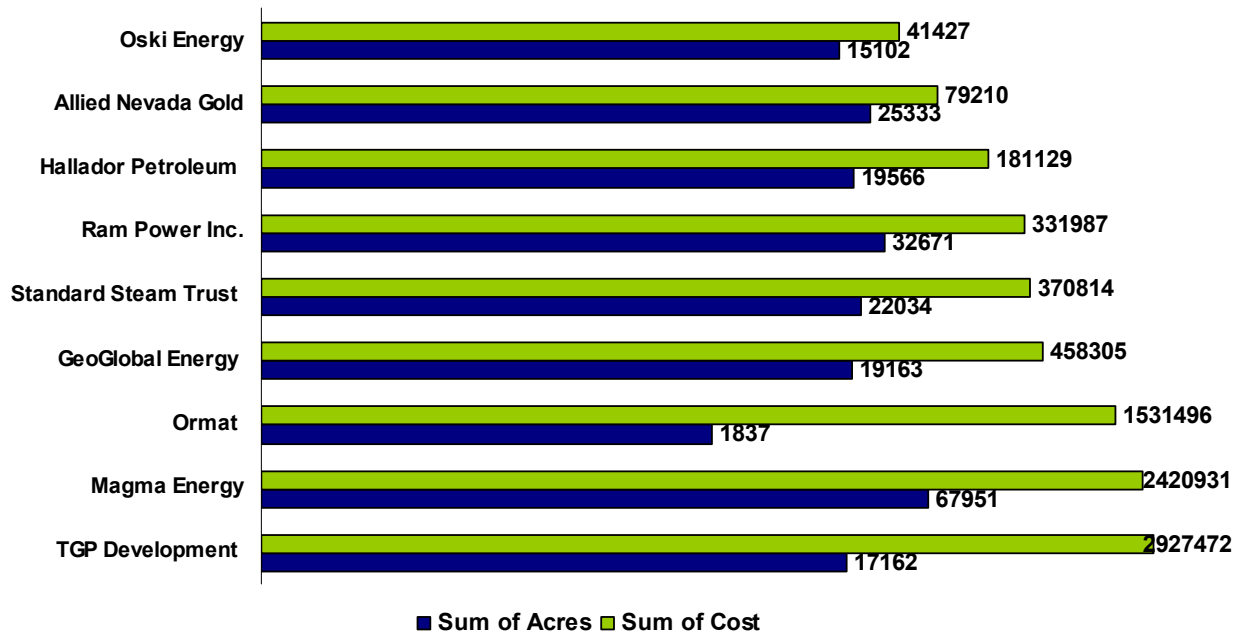
Source: GEA, DOE

## 6.2 Bureau of Land Management Lease Sales

The U.S. Bureau of Land Management (BLM) held geothermal lease sales in July 2009 which resulted in the sale of 255,355 acres of land and total revenue of approximately \$9 million. The total amount of dollars generated by bonus bids as well as the average price per acre was higher than those of the previous geothermal lease sale in December 2008. Still, half of the parcels in Nevada were sold for the minimum \$2/acre minimum and approximately 25% of the parcels offered did not draw any bids.

According to the BLM 50% of revenues from the lease sale is distributed to the state in which leased land is located, and 25% is distributed to the counties in which leased land is located. The remaining 25% is distributed to the BLM for the processing of geothermal leases and geothermal use authorizations.

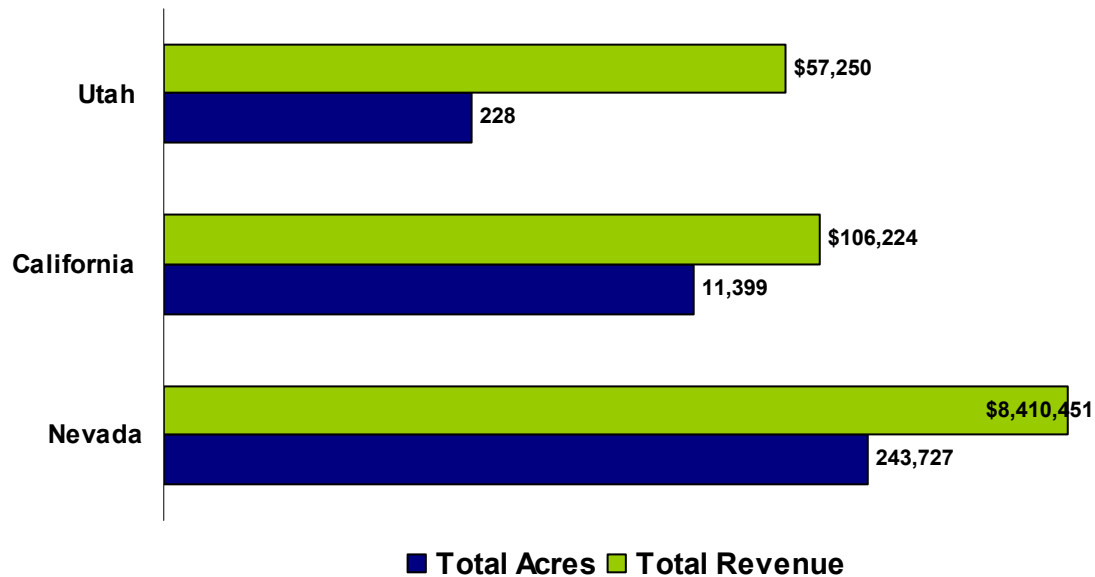
**Figure 14: July 2009 BLM Lease Sale**



**Source: BLM, GEA.** The chart shows the top ten purchasers of geothermal leases, in terms of dollars spent, in the BLM's July 2009 geothermal lease sale.

A breakdown of the lease sale by state, total acreage sold, and total bonus bid dollar amount can be found in the table below.

**Figure 15: July 2009 BLM Geothermal Lease Sale Results by State**



Source: BLM, GEA

BLM has also published an amended plan for geothermal leasing in the Western states. The plan allocates approximately 111 million acres of BLM lands and 79 million acres of National Forest System lands open for leasing. In addition to this, the plan allows pre-existing studies on specific lands to be used along with best management practices. The change will reduce the processing time of future geothermal power development. For more information on BLM's plan, please visit [http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en/info/newsroom/2008/december/NR\\_12\\_18\\_2008.html](http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en/info/newsroom/2008/december/NR_12_18_2008.html)



Prepared by Dan Jennejohn, Geothermal Energy Association  
September 2009

Geothermal Energy Association, 209 Pennsylvania Ave SE, Washington, DC  
[www.geo-energy.org](http://www.geo-energy.org)